



Visaura

Engaging Question: What are the forces that shape our world?

Key Knowledge

Types of Forces:

- **Gravity:** The force that attracts objects towards the center of the Earth.
- **Friction:** The resistance that one surface or object encounters when moving over another.
- **Magnetism:** The force of attraction or repulsion between objects due to their magnetic fields.
- **Electromagnetic Force:** The force between charged particles.

Effects of Forces:

- **Motion:** Forces can cause objects to start moving, stop moving, or change direction.
- **Shape:** Forces can change the shape of objects (e.g., stretching, compressing).
- **Energy:** Forces can transfer energy from one object to another.

Newton's Laws of Motion:

- **First Law:** An object at rest stays at rest, and an object in motion stays in motion unless acted upon by an external force.
- **Second Law:** The acceleration of an object is directly proportional to the net force acting on it and inversely proportional to its mass.
- **Third Law:** For every action, there is an equal and opposite reaction.

Learning Activity

Objective: Explore the different types of forces and their effects on objects.

Instructions:

- **Study** the different types of forces and their effects.
- **Identify** examples of forces in everyday life.
- **Take notes** on how forces affect the motion, shape, and energy of objects.

Resources Needed:

- Internet access or library resources
- Notebook and pen

Challenge

Challenge Description: Create a simple machine or a demonstration that illustrates a specific force in action.

Instructions:

- **Choose** a type of force to focus on (e.g., gravity, friction, magnetism).
- **Design** a simple machine or demonstration that shows how the force works.
- **Create** the machine or demonstration and explain how it illustrates the chosen force.

Submission Requirements:

- Simple machine or demonstration
- Include a brief written explanation (1-2 paragraphs)

Helpful Tips

- Use everyday materials to create your machine or demonstration.
- Be clear in explaining how the force is acting on the objects.
- Be creative and think about how to make your demonstration engaging.